# Personality Disorders

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### Personality: what is it?

A combination of how you THINK, FEEL and BEHAVE.

"Personality refers to a distinctive assemblage of traits characteristic patterns of thinking, feeling, and behaving. It derives from a mix of inborn dispositions and inclinations along with environmental factors and experiences. Although personality can change over the course of time, one's core characteristics tend to remain steady over a lifetime." (Psychology Today)

Personality is YOU – the real identity behind your physical appearance. It is how you 'come over' to others, As people get to know you, it is your personality they are learning about.

# Personality disorders: what are they?

When some aspect of our personality causes a problem, we may be said to have a personality disorder (PD).

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# Types of personality disorder

The American Psychiatric Association group PDs into three clusters as follows:

Cluster A – 'odd or eccentric PDs' – People who find it hard to relate to others, who may feel that they are a bit odd or eccentric.

Cluster B – 'dramatic, emotional or erratic PDs' – those who find it hard to control their emotions, other people find them unpredictable

Cluster C – 'Anxious or fearful PDs' – strong feelings of anxiety and fear – other people find them to be 'withdrawn'

# Symptoms of personality disorders

A diagnosis of a PD may be given if a person has all three of these:

- Their personality causes problems in day-to-day life
- Their personality causes problems in several areas of life
- The problems are long lasting

Symptoms of PDs can be hard to control and may lead to depression or anxiety. So other MH problems may overlay a PD.

#### **More information**

www.mentalhealth-uk.org http://outofthefog.net https://www.psychologytoday.com/gb/basics/personality